

练习 3.2 向量组的线性相关性(2)

一、选择题:

1. 设矩阵 $\mathbf{A} = [\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s]$, $\mathbf{B} = [\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_s]$, 其中 $\alpha_i, \beta_i (i=1, 2, \dots, s)$ 均是 n 维列向量, 且 $s < n$. 向量组 $(A)\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$ 线性无关, 则向量组 $(B)\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_s$ 线性无关的充要条件是 []
 (A) (A) 可由 (B) 线性表示; (B) (B) 可由 (A) 线性表示; (C) $(A) \cong (B)$; (D) $\mathbf{A} \cong \mathbf{B}$.
2. 设 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ 是三维向量, $\beta_1 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_3, \beta_2 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + a\alpha_3, \beta_3 = \alpha_1 + a\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_3$, 则条件(1) $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ 线性相关; (2) $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ 线性无关; (3) $a = 3$; (4) $a = -1$ 是 $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$ 线性相关的充分条件的是 []
 (A) (1); (B) (2), (3); (C) (1), (3), (4); (D) (1), (4).
3. 设 \mathbf{A} 是 $m \times n$ 矩阵, \mathbf{B} 是 $n \times m$ 矩阵, \mathbf{C} 是 $m \times m$ 可逆矩阵, 满足 $\mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{C}$. 则 []
 (A) \mathbf{A} 的行向量组线性无关, \mathbf{B} 的行向量组线性无关;
 (B) \mathbf{A} 的行向量组线性无关, \mathbf{B} 的列向量组线性无关;
 (C) \mathbf{A} 的列向量组线性无关, \mathbf{B} 的行向量组线性无关;
 (D) \mathbf{A} 的列向量组线性无关, \mathbf{B} 的列向量组线性无关.
4. 设向量组 $\alpha_1 = (1, -1, 2, 4)^T, \alpha_2 = (0, 3, 1, 2)^T, \alpha_3 = (3, 0, 7, 14)^T, \alpha_4 = (1, -2, 2, 0)^T, \alpha_5 = (2, 1, 5, 10)^T$, 则下列向量组中不是该向量组的最大无关组的是 []
 (A) $\alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$; (B) $\alpha_1, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$; (C) $\alpha_1, \alpha_4, \alpha_5$; (D) $\alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_5$.
5. 已知四维向量组 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$ 线性无关, 且向量组 $\beta_1 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_3 + \alpha_4, \beta_2 = \alpha_2 - \alpha_4, \beta_3 = \alpha_3 + \alpha_4, \beta_4 = \alpha_2 + \alpha_3, \beta_5 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3$, 则 $r(\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3, \beta_4, \beta_5) =$ []
 (A) 1; (B) 2; (C) 3; (D) 4.
6. 设向量组 $(A) \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$ 线性无关, 则与向量组 (A) 等价的向量组是 []
 (A) $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2, \alpha_2 + \alpha_3, \alpha_3 + \alpha_4, \alpha_4 + \alpha_1$; (B) $\alpha_1 - \alpha_2, \alpha_2 - \alpha_3, \alpha_3 - \alpha_4$;
 (C) $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2, \alpha_2 - \alpha_3, \alpha_3 + \alpha_4, \alpha_4 - \alpha_1$; (D) $\alpha_1, \alpha_1 + \alpha_2, \alpha_2 + \alpha_3, \alpha_3 + \alpha_4, \alpha_4 - \alpha_1$.
7. 设向量组 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$ 线性无关, 向量 $\beta_1 = \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \alpha_3, \beta_2 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_3, \beta_3 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2, \beta_4 = 2\alpha_1 - \alpha_3 - 4\alpha_4$, 则下列结论错误的是 []
 (A) $\beta_1 \neq 0$; (B) β_1, β_2 不成比例; (C) $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$ 线性无关; (D) β_4 不能由 $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$ 线性表示.

二、问向量 $\alpha = (1 \ 2 \ 1 \ 1)$ 能否由 $\beta_1 = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$, $\beta_2 = (1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1)$, $\beta_3 = (1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1)$, $\beta_4 = (1 \ -1 \ -1 \ 1)$ 线性表示? 若能表示, 则求出表示式.

三、求向量组 $\beta_1 = (2 \ 3 \ 1 \ -2)^T$, $\beta_2 = (1 \ -1 \ 4 \ 0)^T$, $\beta_3 = (3 \ -3 \ 12 \ 0)^T$, $\beta_4 = (5 \ 10 \ -1 \ -6)^T$ 的秩及它的一个最大无关组.

四、设向量组 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$ 线性无关, 而 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s, \beta, \gamma$ 线性相关, 且 β, γ 都不能由 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$ 线性表示. 证明: $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s, \beta$ 与 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s, \gamma$ 等价.